

- Since the airstrikes started in Yemen on 26 March 2015, UN reports indicate over 1,400 people have been killed, including 115 children. 5,951 have been injured, including 172 children, and over 300,000 people are newly displaced.
- More than 300,000 people are estimated to have been displaced since the conflict started and over 10,200 Yemenis and third-country nationals have fled to neighbouring countries.
- An estimated 70,000 people including 28,000 children fled from the northern Governorate of Sa'ada after growing intensity of airstrikes in the north of Yemen on 8th and 9th of May 2015.
- Lack of fuel and electricity has triggered a breakdown in basic water and sanitation services. Health facilities are becoming gradually inaccessible, making the delivery of life-saving medicines a serious challenge.
- 2 million children under five were malnourished in Yemen before the latest escalation, including 850,000 acutely malnourished, of whom 160,000 are severely acutely malnourished.
- Even prior to this conflict, 61% of Yemenis needed some form of humanitarian assistance (15.9 million people including 7.9 million children), with around 10.6 million Yemenis (41% of the population) unable to meet their basic food needs, according to the 2014 CFSS (Comprehensive Food Security Survey). According to recent estimates food insecurity affects today close to 20 million people (80% of the population).
- Fuel prices have increased by nearly 45%, and food prices by as much as 40% in some areas. Scarcity of fuel is likely to further increase price of food items.
- The conflict in Yemen has left many schools closed and nearly 2 million children unable to attend classes. UNICEF estimates that 3,684 schools have been affected and has verified that at least 30 schools have been damaged by fighting
- **Save the Children** plan to reach *105,000 conflict-affected individuals (15,000 Households)* through provision of immediate life-saving support to conflict-affected children and their families through provision of food & non-food items, WASH, child protection, health & nutrition, and basic livelihood restoration activities.
- SC's **emergency response** focus targets Hajja, Amran, Hudaydah, Saana, Taiz governorates in phase I and the 2nd phase of the response will include Sada'a, Lahajj and Aden, Al-Dhale'e once access allows.
- From 2nd - 6th of May 2015 we distributed food vouchers to 3,500 Vulnerable Households in Dhamar and we did general food distributions to approximately **3,800** vulnerable Households in Hajja on 3rd – 5th May. In Hodeida, we are planning to do cash transfers for **3,000 vulnerable displaced people** to be able to buy food.
- **In WASH**, we distributed 260 Hygiene kits to IDPs in Al-Luhiya in Hodeidah governorate. And we are planning the procurement of **WASH-related items targeting 30,750 individuals** in Hodeidah & Amran governorates
- **CHILD PROTECTION in EMERGENCIES (CPiE)**, will provide immediate actions to meet critical protection needs for girls' and boys' survival, safety and well-being. Case management will focus on children that are separated from their families, alternative care and family tracing. CPiE actions will as well have specific attention on particularly vulnerable children suffering from injuries & disabilities from violence & explosives, exposed to severe distress and mitigation of physical dangers for infants under 6 months of age. Risk-preventive messages will be disseminated on both community and national levels, including sector mainstreamed safety actions. CPiE response targets 71,000 girls and boys in 8 governorates,
- **In HEALTH**, the plan is to support 105,000 beneficiaries (children in need and their mothers/carers within IDP & host communities) through the provision of mobile health services and increased access to improved basic health facilities and services.
- Through our **NUTRITION** emergency response, we will contribute to a reduction of the burden of acute malnutrition among children < 5 years and Pregnant and Lactating Women (PLW). We are targeting a total of 13,740 individuals, of which 1,769 are part of the Outpatient Therapeutic Programme, 3776 are part of the Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme for children, 3659 are part of the Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme for PLW and 4536 are part of the Micronutrient Supplementation Programme.